# POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



#### EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name

Mechanics and strength of materials [N1IBez2>MiWM]

Course			
Field of study Safety Engineering		Year/Semester 2/3	
Area of study (specialization)		Profile of study general academic	>
Level of study first-cycle		Course offered in polish	
Form of study part-time		Requirements compulsory	
Number of hours			
Lecture 8	Laboratory classe 8	2S	Other (e.g. online) 0
Tutorials 10	Projects/seminars 0	6	
Number of credit points 3,00			
Coordinators dr inż. Mikołaj Smyczyński mikolaj.smyczynski@put.poznan.	pl	Lecturers	

## **Prerequisites**

Basic knowledge in mathematics (in the field of algebra, geometry, trigonometry) and physics (vector calculus, Newtonian physics). In addition, the ability to think logically and can visualize simple mechanical constructions in space. Ability to obtain information from specified sources. Is aware of the interdependence between mathematical, physical and technical sciences.

## **Course objective**

Providing students with basic knowledge in the field of applied mechanics, especially in the field of statics. In addition, visualization of theoretical and practical problems related to the strength analysis of simple structures based on the mechanical properties of materials as the basis for the proper design of machinery and equipment.

## **Course-related learning outcomes**

Knowledge:

1. Student knows advanced engineering issues (physics, chemistry, materials science, manufacturing technologies, material strength, mechanics). [K1\_W01]

2. Student knows at an advanced level issues in the field of mathematics and statistics in the field of

solving practical engineering problems. [K1\_W04]

3. Student has advanced knowledge of quality engineering in relation to products and processes. [K1\_W07]

4. Student has advanced knowledge of the life cycle of products, devices, facilities, systems and technical systems. [K1\_W06]

## Skills:

1. Student can properly select sources and information derived from them, perform the evaluation, critical analysis and synthesis of this information. [K1\_U01]

2. Student can use analytical, simulation and experimental methods to formulate and solve engineering tasks, also with the use of information and communication methods and tools. [K1\_U04]

3. Student can make a critical analysis of the way of functioning and assess, in connection with Safety Engineering, the existing technical solutions, in particular machines, devices, facilities, systems, processes and services. [K1\_U06]

4. Student can plan, organize and implement individual and team work as well as conduct experiments, including measurements and computer simulations, interpret the obtained results and draw conclusions. [K1\_U11]

Social competences:

1. Student can see the cause-and-effect relationships in the implementation of set goals and use ranks in relation to the importance of alternative or competitive tasks. [K1\_K01]

Student is aware of the understanding of non-technical aspects and effects of engineering activities, including its impact on the environment and the related responsibility for decisions made. [K1\_K03]
Student is aware of responsibility for their own work and readiness to submit to the principles of teamwork and responsibility for jointly performed tasks. [K1\_K07]

## Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Lecture: formative assessment - written tests, summary assessment - arithmetic average of the grades obtained as part of the formative assessment.

Exercises: formative assessment - written tests, summary assessment - arithmetic average of the grades obtained as part of the formative assessment

Laboratories: forming assessment - oral and written answer, written reports from each laboratory exercise, summary assessment - arithmetic average of the marks obtained as part of the forming assessment.

The exam includes 3 tests during the semester, which are graded on points. The student receives a positive assessment of the credit if he / she obtains at least 50% of the points available for each colloquium. The final grade for the credit is determined according to the following rules:

Very good (A) - if the total number of points obtained from all colloquia is above 90% of the total number of points possible to get, Good plus (B) - 80.1 - 90.0% of points, Good (C) -70.1 - 80.0%, Sufficient plus (D) - 60, 1 - 70.0%, Sufficient (E) - 50.0 - 60.0%.

A student who has received an unsatisfactory grade has the option of joining one retake exam. Laboratory exercises: credit on the basis of: oral or written answer for each exercise and reports on each exercise. The condition of passing laboratory exercises is passing all the exercises included in the program and acceptance by the teacher of all reports.

## Programme content

1. The fundamental rights of mechanics. Definition of force and its types. Systems of forces. Moment of forces relative to the pole.

- 2. Principles of statics.
- 3. Friction: nature and effects, coefficient of friction (rolling resistance).
- 4. Strength of materials. Normal stresses and strain.
- 5. Elasticity, plastisity. Linear elasticity and Hook's Law.
- 6. Analysis of Stress.
- 7. Analysis of Strain.
- 8. Centroids and moments of inercia of plain areas.
- 9. Shear stress and strain
- 10. Deflections of Beams.

Laboratory exercises:

- 1. Static tensile test.
- 2. Hardness measurements using the following methods: Brinell, Vickers and Poldi.
- 3. Rockwell hardness measurement. Microhardness measurement by the Vickers method.
- 4. Material fatigue. Locati trial.
- 5. Bend test. Spring characteristics.
- 6. Static strain gauges in thin-walled tank.

#### **Teaching methods**

Lecture - mediated lecture, Classes/tutorial - giving method: discussion on the application of analytical methods Practical method: lab exercises

#### Bibliography

Basic:

Zielnica J., Wytrzymałość materiałów. Wydawnictwo PP, Poznań, 1996. Ostwald M., Podstawy wytrzymałości materiałów, Wydawnictwo PP, Poznań, 2007. Ostwald M., Wytrzymałość materiałów. Zbiór zadań. Wydawnictwo PP, Poznań, 2008. Badania eksperymentalne w wytrzymałości materiałów. Pod redakcją S. Joniaka, WPP. 2006. Misiak J., Mechanika techniczna t.1, WNT, Warszawa, 1998, 2012.

Additional:

Magnucki K., Szyc W., Wytrzymałość materiałów w zadaniach: pręty, płyty i powłoki obrotowe, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, 2000.

Dyląg Z., Jakubowicz A., Orłoś Z., Wytrzymałość materiałów t.1 i 2, WNT, Warszawa, 2000.

#### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	40	3,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	26	2,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	14	1,00